

Study Guide on the Early Celtic Church

Study Guide and Questions on the

History of the Church of England

Questions with an asterisk (*) are answered in *Truth Triumphant—*

the Others Are Answered in D'Aubigne's

History of the Reformation of the 16th Century

pp 677-702 (Volume 5, book 17, chapters 1-6).

1. Points to notice (no need to write anything)
 1. There is a controversy over Lucius (Lucian*)
 2. In the British Isles, Diocletian's persecution ended in 305

1.
 - i. Diocletian resigned in 305. Prior to this he had divided his empire into two halves (and these each into two sections—making four)
 - ii. So in one fourth, persecution ended in 305; in another, in 311; and finally in 313. (Diocletian died later in retirement).

3. Succat was the original name of Patrick.
 1. How was Patrick converted? (Tell briefly)
 2. What evidence exists that Iona was not a monastery?
 3. How were the missionaries from Iona supported financially?
 4. Where is Icolmkill? Why did Columbus choose to come to this area?
 5. Who, from the British missionaries, took the gospel to the Bergundian, Franks, and Swiss?
 6. D'Aubigne suggests that by neglecting to evangelize a certain segment of society, the Celtic church left room for Satan's church to work. Which segment was this?
 7. Which event seemed to Pope Gregory I to indicate a good time for sending a mission organization to Great Britain?
 8. How does D'Aubigne use the history of the "struggle" of the 7th century to prove his point regarding the freedom of the British church prior to this period? (In other words, explain

- the logic of his argument.)
9. Why did many of Dinooth's bishops stop eating meals with the Saxons when the Saxons were converted?
 10. What sign did the British Christians look for in their third meeting with Augustine?
 11. What threat did Augustine make when they told him "no" that third time?
 12. Why did Edelfrid regard the 1200 Christians as fighting against him "though unarmed"?
 13. How was Eadbald (Ethelbert*) saved from his short "apostasy"?
 14. Know and be able to tell the story of Edelfrid's son Oswald and Oswald's friend Aidan (and of Cormac). [5 points...this will be a quiz question. You don't need to write anything now.]
 15. How was Oswy related to Oswald? To Oswin? To Peada? To Alfred? (4 pts)
 16. What sin of Oswy seems to have inclined him to seek help from the Roman bishops?
 17. In the Whitby conference of Oswy to determine which religion was true, what Biblical statement by Wilfrid and confirmed by Colman seemed to determine the issue with Oswy?
 18. Notice the neutral way D'Aubigne writes of the "conspiracy." (No need to write anything here).
 19. How did Wilfrid use Disaster and Relief Ministry to convert Sussex?
 20. How was Adamnan won to the Romish opinions? How did Iona relate to his "conversion"?
 21. How was Prince Naitam won over?
 22. How did Egbert win over Iona?
 23. For what crime was Clement jailed in March of 744?
 24. For what habit were Scottish Bishops rejected in 813?
 25. When Gregory VII (Hildebrand) enforced celibacy on the priesthood, which English monarch maintained the right of most of the priests in his nation to keep their wives?
 26. Before King John made himself a vassal of the Pope he made arrangements to submit himself as a vassal of what other power?
 27. Why did John sign *Magna Charta* at Runnymede?
 28. How did John die? How were his marauding bands brought to an end?
 29. Grostete, refusing a request of Innocent the IV, compared him to antichrist. What had Innocent asked him to do?
 30. What was the relation of Branderwine to Edward III? What two battles does D'Aubigne describe Edward as attempting? Which had the longer lasting impact?

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